

EAST YORK BASKETBALL CLUB CODE OF CONDUCT AND ETHICS DEFINITIONS

Definitions

1. The following terms have these meanings in this Code:

- a) "Abuse" Includes Psychological Maltreatment, Physical Maltreatment, Neglect, and/or Grooming of Vulnerable Participants by Persons in Authority and which can have the following warning signs:
 - a) Recurrent unexplained injuries
 - b) Alert behaviour; child seems to always be expecting something bad to happen
 - c) Often wears clothing that covers up their skin, even in warm weather
 - d) Child startles easily, shies away from touch or shows other skittish behaviour
 - e) Constantly seems fearful or anxious about doing something wrong
 - f) Withdrawn from peers and adults
 - g) Behavior fluctuates between extremes (e.g., extremely cooperative or extremely demanding)
 - h) Acting either inappropriately beyond their age (like an adult; taking care of other children) or inappropriately younger than their age (like an infant; throwing tantrums)
 - i) Acting out in an inappropriate sexual way with toys or objects
 - j) New adult words for body parts and no obvious source
 - k) Self-harm (e.g., cutting, burning or other harmful activities)
 - I) Not wanting to be alone with a particular child or young person
- b) "Consent by a Person over the Age of Majority" Consent is defined in Canada's Criminal *Code* as the voluntary agreement to engage in the sexual activity in question. The law focuses on what the person was actually thinking and feeling at the time of the sexual activity. Sexual touching is only lawful if the person affirmatively communicated their consent, whether through words or conduct. Silence or passivity does not equal consent. Sexual activity is only legal when both parties consent. The Criminal Code also says there is no consent when: Someone says or does something that shows they are not consenting to an activity; Someone says or does something to show they are not agreeing to continue an activity that has already started; Someone is incapable of consenting to the activity, because, for example, they are unconscious; The consent is a result of a someone abusing a position of trust, power or authority or someone consents on someone else's behalf. A person cannot say they mistakenly believed a person was consenting if: that belief is based on their own intoxication; they were reckless about whether the person was consenting; they chose to ignore things that would tell them there was a lack of consent; or they didn't take proper steps to check if there was consent. Sexual activity with a Minor is a criminal offence as is sexual activity with a person under the age of 18 years when the other person is in a position of trust or authority
- c) *"Disclosure"* The sharing of information by a Participant regarding an incident or a pattern of Maltreatment experienced by that Participant. Disclosure does not constitute a formal report that initiates a process of investigation to address the
- d) "Discrimination" Differential treatment of a Participant based on one or more prohibited grounds which include race, citizenship, national or ethnic origin, colour, religion, age, sex,

sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, marital status, family status, genetic characteristics, or disability.

- e) "Duty to Report"
 - a) Concerns Under Child Protection Legislation: A legal duty to report is mandated by law, and the requirement varies by province depending on provincial legislation. Everyone has a duty to report child abuse and neglect under Canadian child welfare laws. Professionals who work with children and youth have an added responsibility to report. Adults are obliged to report child Maltreatment if there is knowledge or suspicion that it is occurring. This is called the "duty to report." Every person in Canada has the duty to report known or suspected child Maltreatment by law. Known or suspected abuse or Neglect of a child must be reported to: local child welfare services (e.g., children's aid society or child and family services agency), or provincial/territorial social service ministries or departments, or local police
 - b) Concerns Outside of Child Protection Legislation: Participants have a duty to report concerns of inappropriate conduct of other Participants to uphold the ethical standards and values of Canadian sport. Reporting inappropriate conduct is important to ensure proper action is taken and expectations are reestablished. By addressing inappropriate conduct, a collective responsibility to protect Participants from Maltreatment is enacted
- f) "Participants" All categories of individual membership defined in East York Basketball Club Bylaws, as well as all individuals engaged in activities with East York Basketball Club, including but not limited to, National Participants, athletes, coaches, officials, directors, officers, volunteers, committee members, parents and spectators, managers and administrators.
- g) "Grooming" Deliberate conduct by a Participant to sexualize a relationship with a Minor that involves the gradual blurring of boundaries and normalization of inappropriate and sexually abusive behaviour. During the grooming process, the Participant will gain the trust of the Minor and protective adults and peers around the Minor often under the guise of an existing relationship. Manipulation tactics are then used to blur perceptions and gain further access to and private time with the Minor in order to abuse or exploit the Minor. Grooming can occur whether or not harm is intended or results from the behaviour. (Grooming is also a prohibited behaviour listed under the definition of Maltreatment)
- h) *Maltreatment* Includes Maltreatment related to:
 - a) *Psychological Maltreatment* which includes, without limitation, verbal acts, nonassaultive physical acts and acts that deny attention or support
 - a. Verbal Acts Verbally assaulting or attacking someone, including but not limited to: unwarranted personal criticisms; body shaming; derogatory comments related to one's identity (e.g. race, gender identity or expression, ethnicity, Indigenous status, ability/disability); comments that are demeaning, humiliating, belittling, intimidating, insulting or threatening; the use of rumours or false statements about someone to diminish that person's reputation; using confidential sport and non-sport information inappropriately. Verbal Maltreatment may also occur in online forms.
 - b. Non-assaultive Physical Acts (no physical contact) Physically aggressive behaviors, including but not limited to: throwing objects at or in the presence of others without striking another; hitting, striking or punching objects in the presence of others

- c. Acts that Deny Attention or Support Acts of commission that deny attention, lack of support or isolation including but not limited to: ignoring psychological needs or socially isolating a person repeatedly or for an extended period of time; abandonment of an Athlete as punishment for poor performance; arbitrarily or unreasonably denying feedback, training opportunities, support or attention for extended periods of time and/or asking others to do the same b) *Physical Maltreatment* includes, without limitation, contact or non-contact behaviours that have the potential to cause physical harm
- a. Contact behaviours Including but not limited to: deliberately punching, kicking, beating, biting, striking, strangling or slapping another; deliberately hitting another with objects
- b. Non-contact behaviours Including but not limited to: isolating a person in a confined space; forcing a person to assume a painful stance or position for no athletic purpose (e.g., requiring an Athlete to kneel on a hard surface); the use of exercise for the purposes of punishment; withholding, recommending against, or denying adequate hydration, nutrition, medical attention or sleep; denying access to a toilet; providing alcohol to a Participant under the legal drinking age; providing illegal drugs or non-prescribed medications to a Participant; encouraging or knowingly permitting an Athlete to return to play prematurely following any injury or after a concussion and without the clearance of a medical professional; encouraging an Athlete to perform a skill for which they are known to not be developmentally ready
- c) Sexual Maltreatment includes, without limitation, any act targeting a person's sexuality, gender identity or expression, that is committed, threatened or attempted against a person, and includes but is not limited to the Criminal Code Offences of sexual assault, sexual exploitation, sexual interference, invitation to sexual touching, indecent exposure, voyeurism and non-consensual distribution of sexual/intimate images. Sexual Maltreatment also includes sexual harassment and stalking, cyber harassment, and cyber stalking of a sexual nature. Examples include:
 - a. Any penetration of any part of a person's body, however slight, with any object or body part by a person upon another person, including but not limited to:
 - i. vaginal penetration by a penis, object, tongue, or finger; and
 - ii. anal penetration by a penis, object, tongue, or finger
 - b. Any intentional touching of a sexual nature of any part of a person's body, however slight, with any object or body part by a person upon another person, including but not limited to:
 - i. kissing;
 - ii. intentional touching of the breasts, buttocks, groin or genitals, whether clothed or unclothed, or intentionally touching of another with any of these body parts;
 - iii. any contact, no matter how slight, between the mouth of one person and the genitalia of another person, and
 - iv. making another touch themselves, the Participant, or someone else with or on any of the body parts listed in b).
 - v. any intentional touching in a sexualized manner of the relationship, context or situation

c. In addition to the criminal acts identified above, the UCCMS prohibits sexual relations between an Athlete above the age of majority (depending upon jurisdiction) and a Participant who holds a position of trust and authority on

the basis that there can be no Consent where there is a Power Imbalance. A Power Imbalance that is presumed to exist may be challenged

- d) Neglect or acts of omission, includes without limitation: not providing an Athlete recovery time and/or treatment for a sport injury; not being aware of and not considering a Participant's physical or intellectual disability; not considering supervision of an Athlete during travel, training or competition; not considering the welfare of the Athlete when prescribing dieting or other weight control methods (e.g., weigh-ins, caliper tests); disregarding the use of performance-enhancing drugs by an Athlete; failure to ensure safety of equipment or environment; allowing an Athlete to disregard sport's rules, regulations, and standards, subjecting Participants to the risk of Maltreatment
- e) Grooming is often a slow, gradual and escalating process of building trust and comfort with a young person. Grooming includes, without limitation, the process of making inappropriate behaviour seem normal and gradually engaging in 'boundary violations' which have been professionally-identified to Canadian standards (e.g., a degrading remark, a sexual joke, sexualized physical contact; adult Participants sharing rooms with a Minor who is not an immediate family member; providing a massage or other purported therapeutic interventions with no specific training or expertise; private social media and text communications; sharing personal photographs; shared use of locker rooms; private meetings; private travel, and providing gifts. The Grooming process:
 - a. Grooming usually begins with subtle behaviours that do not appear to be inappropriate. Many victims/survivors of sexual abuse do not recognize the grooming process as it is happening, nor do they recognize that this process of manipulation is part of the overall abuse process.
 - b. In the grooming process, the offender begins by gaining trust of adults around the young person. The offender establishes a friendship and gains the young person's trust. Grooming then involves testing boundaries (e.g. telling sexual jokes, showing sexually explicit images, making sexual remarks). Typically, behaviour moves from non-sexual touching to "accidental" sexual touching
 - c. The young person is often manipulated into feeling responsible for the contact, is discouraged from telling anyone else about the relationship, and is made to feel obligated to protect the offender. The offender also builds trust with those close to the young person so that the relationship with the young person is not questioned
- f) *Interference with or Manipulation of Process* it is considered maltreatment if an adult Participant directly or indirectly interferes with a process by:
 - a. falsifying, distorting, or misrepresenting information, the resolution process, or an outcome;
 - b. destroying or concealing information;
 - c. attempting to discourage a Participant's proper participation in or use of the processes of an Organization or a Member;
 - harassing or intimidating (verbally or physically) any person involved in the processes before, during, and/or following any proceedings of the Organization or a Member;
 - e. publicly disclosing a Participant's identifying information, without the

Participant's agreement;

- f. failing to comply with any temporary or provisional measure or other final sanction;
- g. distributing or otherwise publicizing materials a Participant gains access to during an investigation or hearing, except as required by law or as expressly permitted; or
- h. influencing or attempting to influence another person to interfere with or manipulate the process
- i. Retaliation which means that a Participant shall not take an adverse action against any person for making a good faith Report of possible Maltreatment or for participating in any process related to alleged conduct violations. Retaliation includes threatening, intimidating, harassing, coercing or any other conduct that would discourage a reasonable person from engaging or participating in the processes of the Organization or a Member. Retaliation after the conclusion of investigation and sanction processes is also prohibited. Retaliation may be present even where there is a finding that no Maltreatment occurred. Retaliation does not include good-faith actions lawfully pursued in response to a Report of possible Maltreatment
- j. Aiding and Abetting which is any act taken with the purpose of facilitating, promoting, or encouraging the commission of Maltreatment by a Participant. Aiding and Abetting also includes, without limitation, knowingly:
 - i. allowing any person who has been suspended or is otherwise ineligible to be in any way associated with sport or to coach or instruct
 - Participants; ii. providing any coaching-related advice or service to an Athlete who has been suspended or is otherwise ineligible; and
 - iii. allowing any person to violate the terms of their suspension or any other sanctions imposed
- g) Reporting it is considered Maltreatment to fail to report Maltreatment of a Minor. A legal duty to report is mandated by law, and the requirement varies by province depending on provincial legislation.
 - a. Failure to Report Maltreatment of a Minor
 - i. The obligation to Report requires the Reporting of any conduct which, if proven true, would constitute Psychological Maltreatment, Sexual Maltreatment, Physical Maltreatment or Neglect involving a Minor Participant. The obligation to Report is an ongoing one and is not satisfied simply by making an initial Report. The obligation includes Reporting, on a timely basis, all relevant information of which an adult Participant becomes aware
 - ii. The obligation to Report includes making a direct Report
 - iii. The obligation to Report includes personally identifying information of a potential Minor Complainant to the extent known at the time of the Report, as well as a duty to reasonably supplement the Report as to identifying information learned at a later time
 - Participants should not investigate or attempt to evaluate the credibility or validity of allegations involving Psychological Maltreatment, Sexual Maltreatment, Physical Maltreatment or Neglect. Participants making a good faith Report are not required to prove the Reports are true before Reporting

- b. Failure to Report Inappropriate Conduct
 - i. Not all inappropriate conduct may meet the threshold for constituting Maltreatment. However, such inappropriate conduct may represent behavior with the risk of escalating to Maltreatment. Any Participant who suspects or becomes aware of another Participant's inappropriate conduct, even if it is not defined as Maltreatment, has a duty to report such inappropriate conduct through the organization's internal procedures (see Workplace Harassment Policy and/or Discipline and Complaints Policy). Those in positions of trust and authority who become aware of another's inappropriate conduct have a responsibility for reporting the concern within their organization's policies and procedures. The person making the report does not need to determine whether a violation took place: instead, the responsibility lies in reporting the objective behaviour.
- c. Intentionally Filing a False Allegation
 - i. An allegation is false if the events Reported did not occur, and the person making the Report knows the events did not occur
 - ii. A false allegation is different from an unsubstantiated allegation; an unsubstantiated allegation means there is insufficient supporting evidence to determine whether an allegation is true or false. Absent demonstrable bad faith, an unsubstantiated allegation alone is not grounds for a violation
- i) "Harassment" A course of vexatious comment or conduct against a Participant or group, which is known or ought to reasonably be known to be unwelcome. Types of behaviour that constitute Harassment include, but are not limited to:
 - i. Written or verbal abuse, threats, or outbursts;
 - ii. Persistent unwelcome remarks, jokes, comments, innuendo, or taunts;
 - Racial harassment, which is racial slurs, jokes, name calling, or insulting behaviour or terminology that reinforces stereotypes or discounts abilities because of racial or ethnic origin;
 - iv. Leering or other suggestive or obscene gestures;
 - v. Condescending or patronizing behaviour which is intended to undermine selfesteem, diminish performance or adversely affect working conditions;
 - vi. Practical jokes which endanger a person's safety, or may negatively affect performance;
 - vii. Hazing, which is any form of conduct which exhibits any potentially humiliating, degrading, abusive, or dangerous activity expected of a junior-ranking individual by a more senior individual, which does not contribute to either individual's positive development, but is required to be accepted as part of a team or group, regardless of the junior-ranking individual's willingness to participate. This includes, but is not limited to, any activity, no matter how traditional or seemingly benign, that sets apart or alienates any teammate or group member based on class, number of years on the team or with the group, or ability;
 - viii. Unwanted physical contact including, but not limited to, touching, petting, pinching, or kissing;
 - ix. Deliberately excluding or socially isolating a person from a group or team;
 - x. Persistent sexual flirtations, advances, requests, or invitations;
 - xi. Physical or sexual assault;

- xii. Behaviours such as those described above that are not directed towards a specific person or group but have the same effect of creating a negative or hostile environment; and
- xiii. Retaliation or threats of retaliation against a person who reports harassment to East York Basketball Club.
- j) "Minor" Any Participant who is under the age of majority at the time and in the jurisdiction where the alleged Maltreatment has occurred. Adults are responsible for knowing the age of a Minor. For the purpose of protection in each Canadian province and territory, a Minor is a child younger than following age:
- a) 16 years old: Newfoundland and Labrador; Saskatchewan; Northwest Territories; Nunavut
- b) 18 years old: Prince Edward Island; Quebec; Ontario; Manitoba; Alberta
- c) 19 years old: Nova Scotia; New Brunswick; British Columbia; Yukon
- k) "Neglect" Any pattern or a single serious incident of lack of reasonable care, inattention to a Participant's needs, nurturing or well-being, or omissions in care. Neglect is determined by the objective behaviour but the behaviour must be evaluated with consideration given to the Participant's needs and requirements, not whether harm is intended or results from the behaviour. (Neglect is also a prohibited behaviour listed under the definition of Maltreatment)
- "Person in Authority" Any Participant who holds a position of authority within East York Basketball Club including, but not limited to, coaches, instructors, officials, managers, support personnel, chaperones, committee members, and Directors and Officers
- m) "Physical Maltreatment" Any pattern or a single serious incident of deliberate conduct that has the potential to be harmful to the physical well-being of the Participant. Physical Maltreatment includes, without limitation, contact or non-contact infliction of physical harm. Physical Maltreatment is determined by the objective behaviour, not whether harm is intended or results from the behaviour. (Physical Maltreatment is also a prohibited behaviour listed under the definition of Maltreatment)
- n) "Power Imbalance" A Power Imbalance may exist where, based on the totality of the circumstances, a Participant has supervisory, evaluative, a duty of care, or other authority over another Participant. A Power Imbalance may also exist between an Athlete and other adults involved in sport in positions such as high-performance directors, sport specific health-care providers, sport science support staff, care or support persons, guides or pilots. Maltreatment occurs when this power is misused. Once a coach-Athlete relationship is established, a Power Imbalance is presumed to exist throughout the coach-Athlete relationship, regardless of age, and is presumed to continue for Minor Athletes after the coach-Athlete relationship terminates or until the Athlete relationship existed before the sport relationship commenced (e.g., a relationship between two spouses or life partners, or a sexual relationship between consenting adults that preceded the sport relationship).
- o) "Psychological Maltreatment" Any pattern or a single serious incident of deliberate conduct that has the potential to be harmful to the psychological well-being of the Participant. Psychological Maltreatment includes, without limitation, verbal conduct, non-assaultive physical conduct, and conduct that denies attention or support. Psychological Maltreatment is determined by the objective behaviour, not whether harm is intended or results from the behaviour. (Psychological Maltreatment is also a prohibited behaviour listed under the definition of Maltreatment

- p) "Reporting (or Report)" The provision of information in writing by any person or a Participant to a relevant independent authority (the independent person or position, such as a Case Manager, charged with receiving a report and determining next steps) regarding Maltreatment. Reporting may occur through either: (i) the Complainant (of any age) or the one who experienced the Maltreatment, or (ii) a witness – someone who witnessed the Maltreatment or otherwise knows or suspects Maltreatment. In either case, the intention of Reporting is to initiate an independent investigative process, which could result in disciplinary action being taken against the Respondent
- q) "Sexual Maltreatment"
 - a) Involving a Child: Any form of adult/child sexualized interaction constitutes child sexual abuse. Sexual abuse of a child may occur through behaviours that do or do not involve actual physical contact. (Sexual Maltreatment is also a prohibited behaviour listed under the definition of Maltreatment)
 - b) Involving a person over the Age of Majority: Any sexual act, whether physical or psychological in nature, that is committed, threatened, or attempted against a Participant without the Participant's Consent. It includes any act targeting a Participant's sexuality, gender identity or expression, that is committed, threatened or attempted against a Participant without that Participant's Consent, and includes but is not limited to, the Criminal Code Offences of sexual assault, sexual exploitation, sexual interference, invitation to sexual touching, indecent exposure, voyeurism and non-consensual distribution of sexual/intimate images. Sexual Maltreatment also includes sexual harassment and stalking, cyber harassment, and cyber stalking of a sexual nature. Sexual Maltreatment can take place through any form or means of communication (e.g. online, social media, verbal, written, visual, hazing, or through a third party). (Sexual Maltreatment is also a prohibited behaviour listed under the definition of Maltreatment)
- r) a a "Workplace" Any place where business or work-related activities are conducted. Workplaces include but are not limited to, East York Basketball Club's office, work-related social functions, work assignments outside East York Basketball Club's offices, workrelated travel, the training and competition environment, and work-related conferences or training sessions
- s) "Workplace Harassment" Vexatious comment or conduct against a worker in a Workplace that is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome. Workplace Harassment should not be confused with legitimate, reasonable management actions that are part of the normal work/training function, including measures to correct performance deficiencies, such as placing someone on a performance improvement plan, or imposing discipline for workplace infractions. Types of behaviour that constitute Workplace Harassment include, but are not limited to:
 - i. Bullying;
 - ii. Workplace pranks, vandalism, bullying or hazing;
 - iii. Repeated offensive or intimidating phone calls or emails; iv. Inappropriate sexual touching, advances, suggestions or requests;
 - v. Displaying or circulating offensive pictures, photographs or materials in printed or electronic form;
 - vi. Psychological abuse;
 - vii. Excluding or ignoring someone, including persistent exclusion of a person from work-related social gatherings;

- viii. Deliberately withholding information that would enable a person to do his or her job, perform or train;
- ix. Sabotaging someone else's work or performance;
- x. Gossiping or spreading malicious rumours;
- xi. Intimidating words or conduct (offensive jokes or innuendos); and
- xii. Words or actions which are known or should reasonably be known to be offensive, embarrassing, humiliating, or demeaning.
- t) "Workplace Violence" the use of or threat of physical force by a person against a worker in a Workplace that causes or could cause physical injury to the worker; an attempt to exercise physical force against a worker in a Workplace that could cause physical injury to the worker; or a statement or behaviour that it is reasonable for a worker to interpret as a threat to exercise physical force against the worker in a Workplace that could cause physical injury to the worker. Types of behaviour that constitute Workplace Violence include, but are not limited to:
 - i. Verbal or written threats to attack;
 - ii. Sending to or leaving threatening notes or emails;
 - iii. Physically threatening behaviour such as shaking a fist at someone, finger pointing, destroying property, or throwing objects;
 - iv. Wielding a weapon in a Workplace;
 - v. Hitting, pinching or unwanted touching which is not accidental;
 - vi. Dangerous or threatening horseplay;
 - vii. Physical restraint or confinement;
 - viii. Blatant or intentional disregard for the safety or wellbeing of others;
 - ix. Blocking normal movement or physical interference, with or without the use of equipment;
 - x. Sexual violence; and xi. Any attempt to engage in the type of conduct outlined above.

Purpose

2. The purpose of this Code of Conduct and Ethics is to ensure a safe and positive environment within East York Basketball Club programs, activities and events, by making all individuals aware that there is an expectation of appropriate behaviour consistent with the values of East York Basketball Club. East York Basketball Club supports equal opportunity, prohibits discriminatory practices, and is committed to providing an environment in which all individuals are treated with respect and fairness.

Scope and Application

- 3. This code applies to the Participants defined above, relating to conduct that may arise during the course of East York Basketball Club business, activities and events, including but not limited to, office environment, competitions, practices, tournaments, training camps, social media, travel, and any work-related meetings.
- 4. This Code applies to Participants active in the sport or who have retired from the sport where any claim regarding a potential breach of this Code occurred when the Participant was active in the sport

5. A Participant who violates this Code may be subject to sanctions pursuant to East York Basketball Club's

Discipline and Complaints Policy. In addition to facing possible sanction pursuant to East York Basketball Club's *Discipline and Complaints Policy*, a Participant who violates this Code during a competition may be ejected from the competition or the playing area, the official may delay the competition until the Individual complies with the ejection, and the Individual may be subject to any additional discipline associated with the competition.

- 6. An employee of East York Basketball Club found to have engaged in acts of violence or harassment against any other employee, worker, contractor, member, customer, supplier, client or other third party during business hours, or at any event of East York Basketball Club, will be subject to appropriate disciplinary action subject to the terms of East York Basketball Club's *Human Resources Policy* as well as the employee's Employment Agreement (if applicable).
- 7. This Code also applies to Participants' conduct outside of East York Basketball Club's business, activities, and events when such conduct adversely affects relationships within East York Basketball Club (and its work and sport environment) and is detrimental to the image and reputation of East York Basketball Club. Such applicability will be determined by East York Basketball Club at its sole discretion.

Persons in Authority and Maltreatment

- 8. *When they are a Person in Authority, Participants are responsible for knowing what constitutes Maltreatment. The categories of Maltreatment are not mutually exclusive, nor are the examples provided in each category an exhaustive list. Rather, what matters for the assessment of the Maltreatment is whether the conduct falls into one or more of the categories, not into which category it falls. Abuse, assault, Harassment, bullying, and hazing can be experienced in more than one category of Maltreatment.
- 9. *Maltreatment can be any of the prohibited behaviours and conduct, provided the Maltreatment occurs in any one or a combination of the following situations (The physical location(s) where the alleged Maltreatment occurred is not determinative):
 - a) Within a sport environment;
 - b) When the Participant alleged to have committed Maltreatment was engaging in sport activities;
 - c) When the Participants involved interacted due to their mutual involvement in sport; or
 - d) Outside of the sport environment where the Maltreatment has a serious and detrimental impact on another Participant.
- 10. *It is a violation of the Code for sport administrators or other Persons in Authority to place Participants in situations that make them vulnerable to Maltreatment. This includes, but is not limited to, instructing an Athlete and coach to share a hotel room when traveling, hiring a coach who has a past history of Maltreatment, assigning guides and other support staff to a paraAthlete when the guide or support staff has a reputation for Maltreatment or assigning such a guide or support staff to a para-Athlete in the absence of consultation with the para-Athlete.

Responsibility

11. Participants have a responsibility to:

- a) Maintain and enhance the dignity and self-esteem of East York Basketball Club Members and other Participants by:
 - i. Treating each other with the highest standards of respect and integrity; ii. Focusing comments or criticism appropriately and avoiding public criticism of athletes, coaches, officials, organizers, volunteers, employees and members.
 iii. Consistently demonstrating the spirit of sportsmanship, sports leadership and ethical conduct. iv. Acting, when appropriate, to prevent or correct practices that are unjustly discriminatory.
 - v. Consistently treating individuals fairly and reasonably.
 - vi. Ensuring that the rules of the sport, and the spirit of such rules, are adhered to.
- b) Refrain from any behaviour that constitutes Maltreatment, Harassment, Workplace Harassment, Sexual Harassment, Workplace Violence, Abuse, or Discrimination
- c) Abstain from the non-medical use of drugs or the use of performance-enhancing drugs or methods. More specifically, East York Basketball Club adopts and adheres to the Canadian AntiDoping Program. Any infraction of such Program shall be considered an infraction of this Policy and shall be subject to disciplinary action, and possible sanction, pursuant to East York Basketball Club's *Discipline and Complaints Policy*. East York Basketball Club will respect any penalty enacted pursuant to a breach of the Canadian Anti-Doping Program, whether imposed by East York Basketball Club or any other sport organization.
- d) Refrain from associating with any person for the purpose of coaching, training, competition, instruction, administration, management, athletic development, or supervision of the sport, who has incurred an anti-doping rule violation and is serving a sanction involving a period of ineligibility imposed pursuant to the Canadian Anti-Doping Program and/or the World Anti-Doping Code and recognized by the Canadian Centre for Ethics in Sport (CCES)
- e) Refrain from the use of power or authority in an attempt to coerce another person to engage in inappropriate activities
- f) Refrain from consuming tobacco products, or recreational drugs while participating in East York Basketball Club's programs, activities, competitions, or events
- g) In the case of Minors, refrain from consuming alcohol, cannabis or tobacco products while participating in East York Basketball Club programs or events
- h) Use social media responsibly and strategically, modeling appropriate behaviour expected of representatives of East York Basketball Club.
- i) In the case of adults, not consume cannabis in the Workplace or in any situation associated with East York Basketball Club's events (subject to any requirements for accommodation), not consume alcohol during competitions and in situations where Minors are present, and take reasonable steps to manage the responsible consumption of alcohol in adult-oriented social situations associated with East York Basketball Club's events
- j) Respect the property of others and not willfully cause damage.
- k) When driving a vehicle with a Participant:
 - i. Not have his or her license suspended; ii. Not be under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs or substances; and iii. Have valid car insurance
- Abstain from the non-medical use of drugs or the use of performance-enhancing drugs or methods.
- m) Always comply with the Bylaws, policies, rules and regulations of East York Basketball Club, as adopted and amended from time to time.

- Refrain from engaging in deliberate cheating which is intended to manipulate the outcome of a competition and/or not offer or receive any bribe which is intended to manipulate the outcome of a competition
- o) Adhere to all Federal, Provincial, Municipal or host country laws.
- p) Comply, at all times, with the bylaws, policies, procedures, and rules and regulations of East York Basketball Club, as applicable and as adopted and amended from time to time
- q) Report any ongoing criminal investigation, conviction, or existing bail conditions involving a Participant to East York Basketball Club, including, but not limited to, those for violence, child pornography, or possession, use, or sale of any illegal substance
- r) Not engage in a sexual relationship with a Participant under the age of majority.
- s) Not engage in a sexual or intimate relationship with a person of any age in which a Participant is in a position of trust or authority.

Board/Committee Members and Staff

12. In addition to section 7 (above), Board and Committee Members will:

- a) Function primarily as a member of the board and/or committee(s) of East York Basketball Club; not as a member of any other particular member or constituency.
- b) Act with honesty and integrity and conduct himself or herself in a manner consistent with the nature and responsibilities of East York Basketball Club business and the maintenance of Member confidence.
- c) Ensures that the financial affairs of East York Basketball Club are conducted in a responsible and transparent manner with due regard for his or her fiduciary responsibilities.
- d) Conduct themselves openly, professionally, lawfully and in good faith in the best interests of East York Basketball Club.
- e) Be independent and impartial and not be influenced by self-interest, outside pressure, expectation of reward or fear of criticism.
- f) Behave with decorum appropriate to both circumstance and position and be fair, equitable, considerate and honest in all dealings with others.
- g) Keep informed about the activities of East York Basketball Club, the sport community, and general trends in the sectors in which it operates.
- h) Exercise the degree of care, diligence and skill required in the performance of his or her duties pursuant to the laws under which East York Basketball Club is incorporated.
- i) Respect the confidentiality appropriate to issues of a sensitive nature.
- j) Ensure that all Participants are given sufficient opportunity to express opinions, and that all opinions are given due consideration and weight.
- k) Respect the decisions of the majority and resign if unable to do so.
- I) Commit the time to attend meetings and to be diligent in preparation for, and participation in, discussions at such meetings.
- m) Have a thorough knowledge and understanding of all East York Basketball Club governance documents.
- n) Conform to the bylaws and policies approved by East York Basketball Club

Coaches

13. In addition to section 7 (above), coaches have additional responsibilities. The coach-athlete relationship is a privileged one and plays a critical role in the personal, sport, and athletic development of the athlete. Coaches must understand and respect the inherent power

imbalance that exists in this relationship and must be extremely careful not to abuse it, consciously or unconsciously. Coaches will:

- a) Meet the highest standards of credentials, integrity and suitability, including but not limited to such considerations established by East York Basketball Club Screening Policy, so that the community is satisfied it has minimized the risk of an unsafe environment.
- b) Report any ongoing criminal investigation, conviction or existing bail conditions, including those for violence; child pornography; or possession, use or sale of any illegal substance.
- c) Under no circumstances provide, promote or condone the use of drugs (other than properly prescribed medications) or performance-enhancing substances and, in the case of Minors, alcoholic beverages, cannabis and/or tobacco.
- d) Respect all other teams and athletes from other teams and, in dealings with them, not encroach upon topics or actions which are deemed to be within the realm of 'coaching', unless first receiving approval from the coach who is responsible for the team or athlete(s) involved.
- e) Recognize the power inherent in the position of coach and respect and promote the rights of all participants in sport. This is accomplished by establishing and following procedures for confidentiality (right to privacy), informed participation, and fair and reasonable treatment. Coaches have a special responsibility to respect and promote the rights of participants who are in a vulnerable or dependent position and less able to protect their own rights.
- f) Dress professionally, neatly and inoffensively.
- g) Use offensive language, taking into account the audience being addressed.

Athletes

14. In addition to section 7 (above), athletes will have additional responsibilities to:

- a) Report any medical problems in a timely fashion, where such problems may limit the athlete's ability to travel, train or compete.
- b) Participate and appear on time, well-nourished and prepared to participate to one's best abilities in all competitions, practices, training sessions, events, activities, or projects.
- c) Properly represent oneself and not attempt to enter a competition for which one is not eligible, by reason of age, classification, or other reason.
- d) Adhere to East York Basketball Club's rules and requirements regarding clothing and equipment
- e) Never ridicule a participant for a poor performance or practice.
- f) Act in a sportsmanlike manner and not display appearances of violence, foul language, or gestures to other players, officials, coaches, or spectators.
- g) Dress in a manner representative of East York Basketball Club with focus being on neatness, cleanliness, and discretion. Designated official clothing, if applicable, must be worn when traveling and competing.
- h) Act in accordance with East York Basketball Club's policies and procedures and, when applicable, additional rules as outlined by coaches or chaperones.

Officials

15. In addition to paragraph 7 (above), officials will have additional responsibilities to:

- a) Maintain and update their knowledge of the rules and rules changes
- b) Work within the boundaries of their position's description while supporting the work of other officials

- c) Act as an ambassador of East York Basketball Club by agreeing to enforce and abide by national and provincial rules and regulations
- d) Take ownership of actions and decisions made while officiating
- e) Respect the rights, dignity, and worth of all Participants
- f) Not publicly criticize other officials or any club or association
- g) Act openly, impartially, professionally, lawfully, and in good faith
- h) Be fair, equitable, considerate, independent, honest, and impartial in all dealings with others
- Respect the confidentiality required by issues of a sensitive nature, which may include ejections, defaults, forfeits, discipline processes, appeals, and specific information or data about Participants
- j) Honour all assignments unless unable to do so by virtue of illness or personal emergency, and in these cases inform the assignor or association at the earliest possible time
- k) When writing reports, set out the actual facts
- I) Dress in proper attire for officiating.

Parents/Guardians and Spectators

16. In addition to section 7 (above), parents/guardians and spectators at events will:

- a) Encourage athletes to compete within the rules and to resolve conflicts without resorting to hostility or violence
- b) Condemn the use of violence in any form
- c) Never ridicule a participant for making a mistake during a performance or practice
- d) Provide positive comments that motivate and encourage participants' continued effort
- e) Respect the decisions and judgments of officials, and encourage athletes to do the same
- f) Never question an official's or staff member's judgment or honesty
- g) Support all efforts to remove verbal and physical abuse, coercion, intimidation, and sarcasm
- h) Respect and show appreciation to all competitors, and to the coaches, officials and other volunteers
- i) Not harass competitors, coaches, officials, parents/guardians, or other spectators

Provincial/Territorial Organizations and Clubs

17. Provincial/Territorial Organizations and Clubs will:

- a) Adhere to all of East York Basketball Club's governing documents and, where necessary, amend their own rules to comply or align with those of East York Basketball Club
- b) Pay all required dues and fees by the prescribed deadlines;
- c) Recognize that their websites, blogs and Social Media accounts may be seen as extensions of East York Basketball Club and must reflect the East York Basketball Club's mission, vision and values
- d) Ensure that all Athletes and coaches participating in sanctioned competitions and events of East York Basketball Club are registered and in good standing
- e) Have well-defined hiring practices and standards in place including interviews, reference checks, and screening procedures to ensure Athletes have a healthy and safe sport environment
- f) Ensure that any possible or actual misconduct is investigated promptly and thoroughly
- g) Impose appropriate disciplinary or corrective measures when misconduct has been substantiated, regardless of the position or authority of the offender

- h) Advise East York Basketball Club immediately of any situation where a complainant has publicized a complaint in the media
- i) Provide East York Basketball Club with a copy of all decisions rendered pursuant to the organization's policies for complaints and appeals

Review and Approval

18. This Policy was reviewed and approved by the East York Basketball Club Board of Directors on the 12th day of December 2022.